# Beginning with Habitat

A new approach to conserving Maine's landscape

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### Where we're going today

- Background
- What is Beginning with Habitat?
- How BwH works with local, regional, and State resource protection strategies
- A note on funding

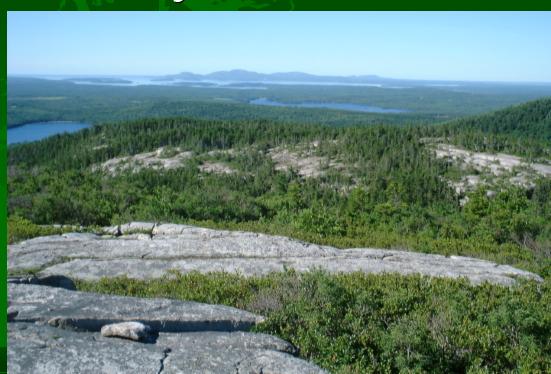


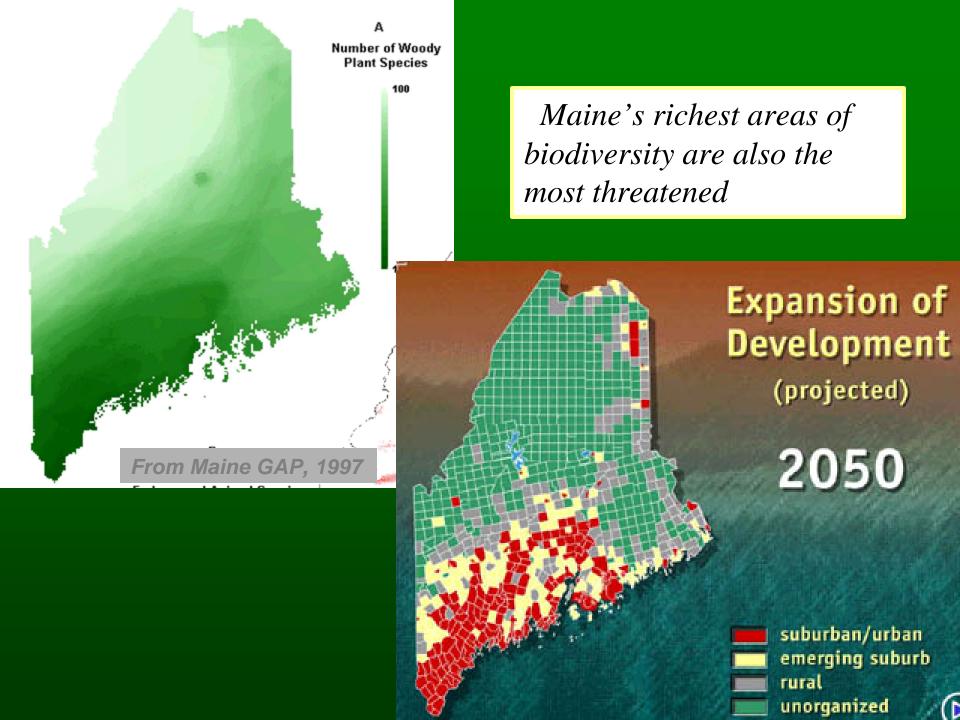


Environmental amenities add value to communities at many





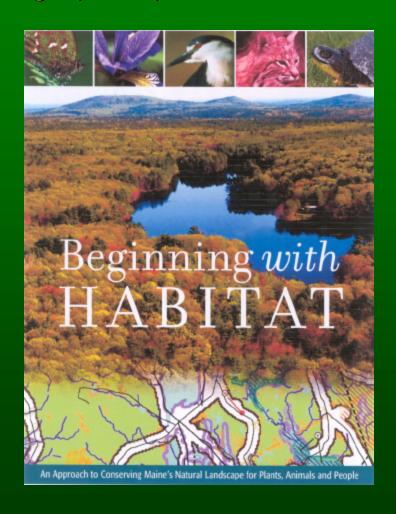






#### **Beginning with Habitat:**

A cooperative, non-regulatory approach to conserving open space



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## What do you want your town to look like in 50 years? To ensure a rich complement of plants and animals, which are so important to many Maine communities. we must find ways to conserve wetland and riporian areas, plant and animal habitats, and large habitat blocks, weaving them together in a landscape tapestry. There are many ways your town can use the plant and wildlife habitat data on these maps: You can use it for land-use planning, to inform and direct land protection initiatives; to develop joint conservation strategies with neighboring towns; and for outreach and educa-

#### Purpose:

To provide the most up-to-date wildlife and plant habitat information available for use in Open Space, Conservation, and Comprehensive Planning.

Riparian Habitat

High Value Plant and Animal Habitat

**Undeveloped Blocks** 

Building a Conservation Landscape

#### What Makes BwH a NEW Concept?

This is the first time that diverse organizations with different goals are partnering to provide habitat information through ONE focused project.

#### Who are the Partners?

- Dept of Conservation
- Dept of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife
- Maine State Planning Office
- Maine Audubon Society
- The Nature Conservancy
- Maine Coast Heritage Trust
- US Fish and Wildlife Service

(DOT, DEP, DMR, RPCs, UMO, USM, WNERR)

#### Beginning With Habitat

Landscape based approach required to achieve meaningful conservation of all native species on a developing landscape



Focus Areas
(Chips/Chunks)

Matrix (Dough)

## The Primary Components

- Data
- Maps
- Technical assistance

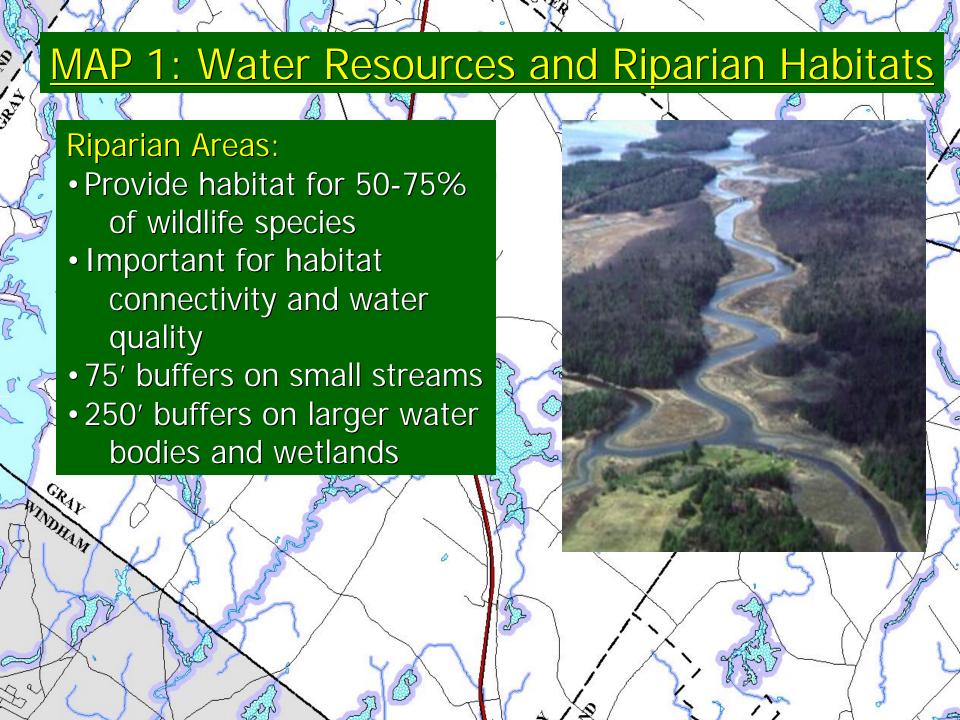


## Data and Maps

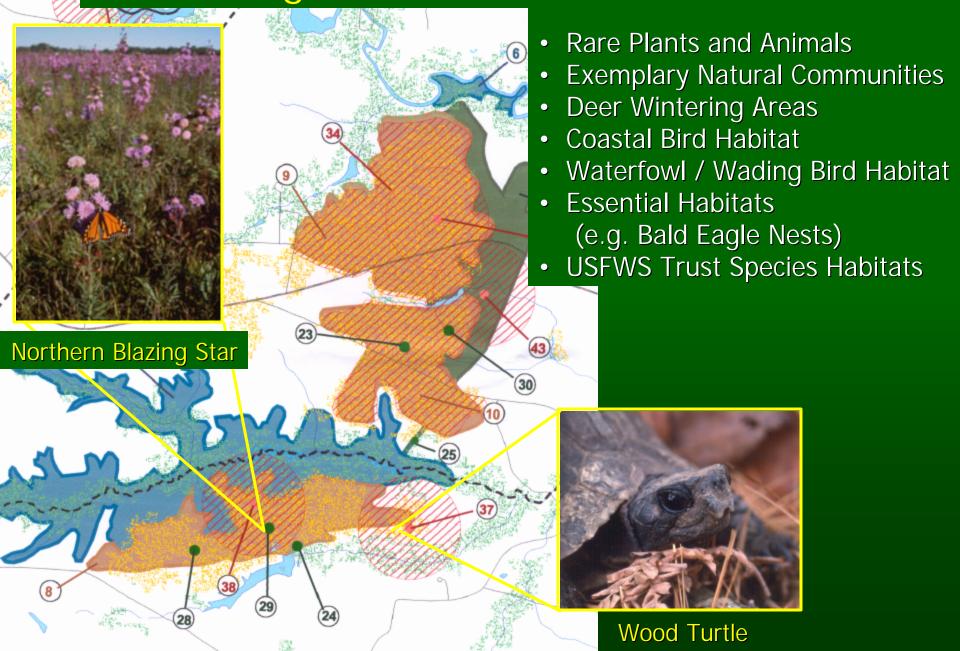
 BwH consists of a primary series of three maps which are

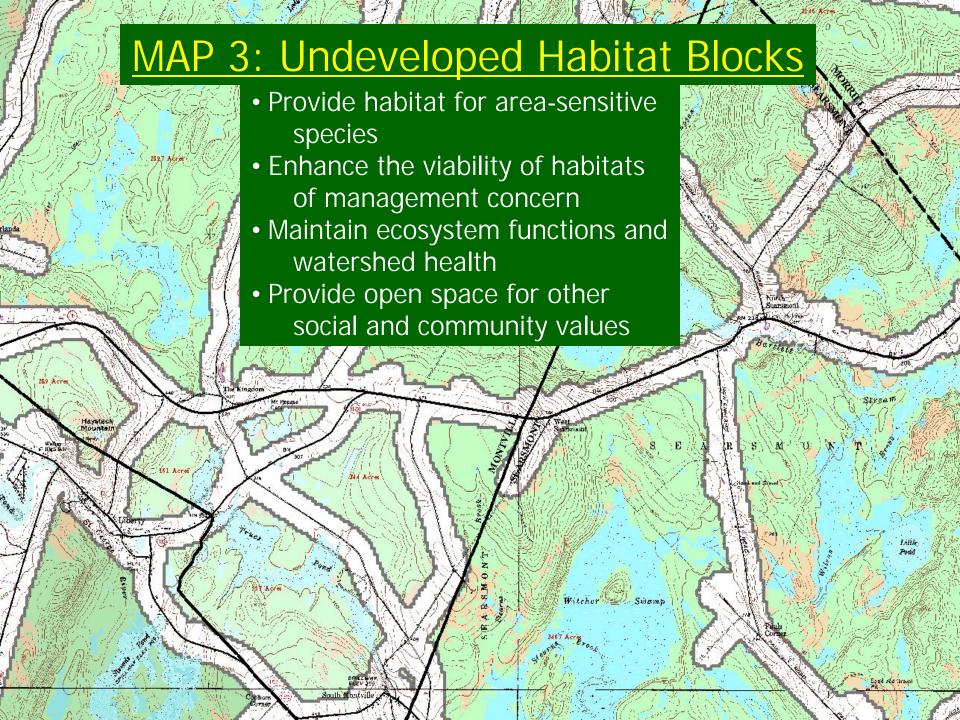
supported by an additional four.

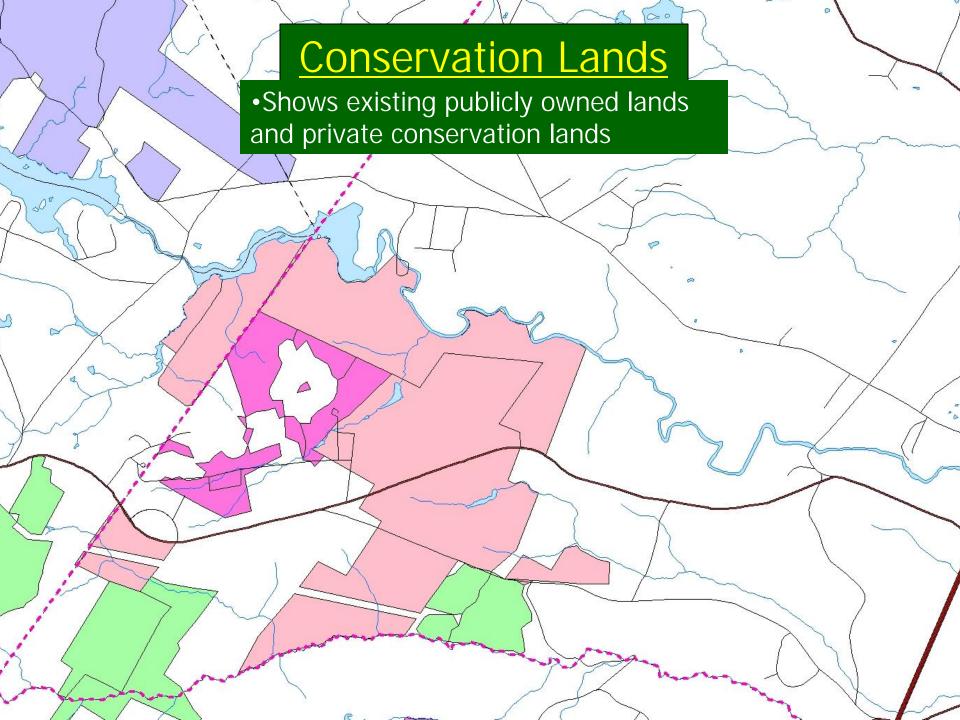
- Water resources and riparian zones
- High value plant and animal habitats
- Unfragmented blocks
- Focus Areas
- Conservation lands
- Wetlands Characterization
- SPOT imagery

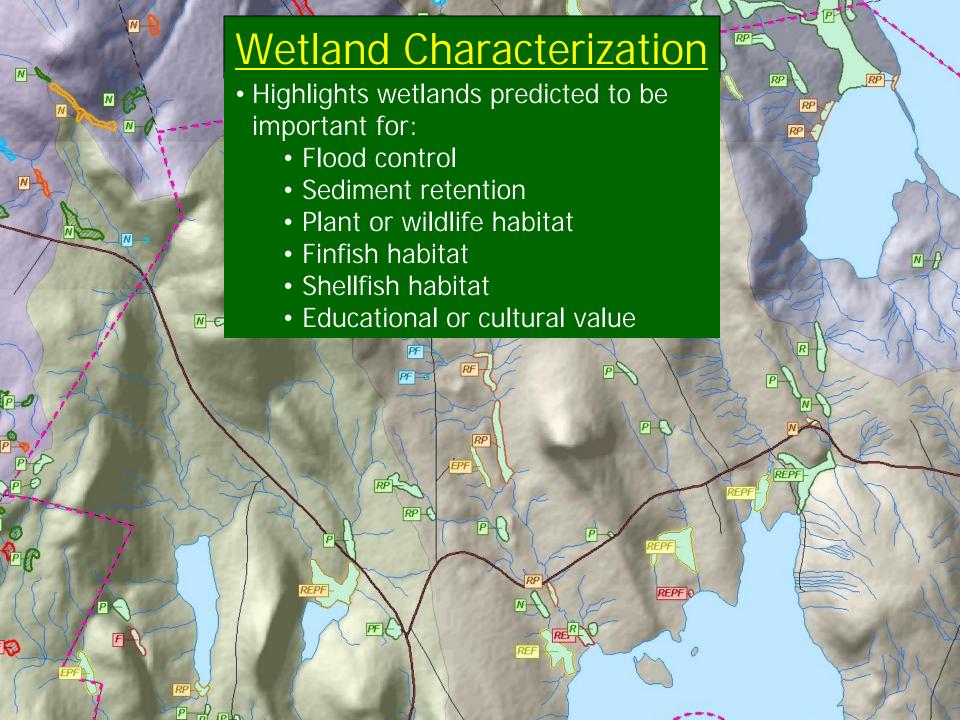


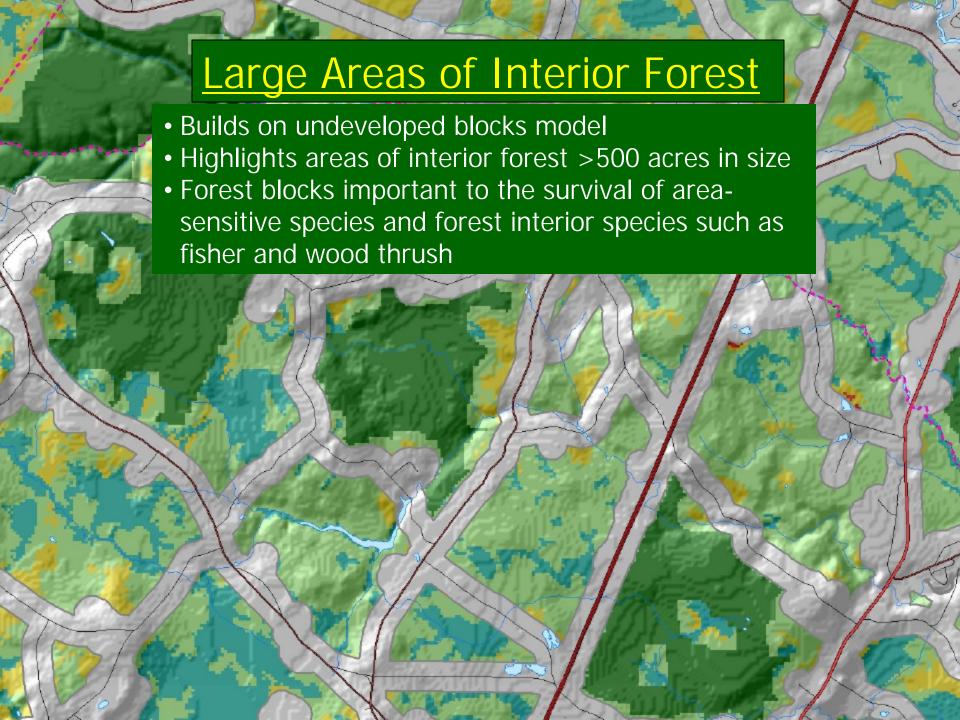
#### MAP 2: High Value Plant & Animal Habitats

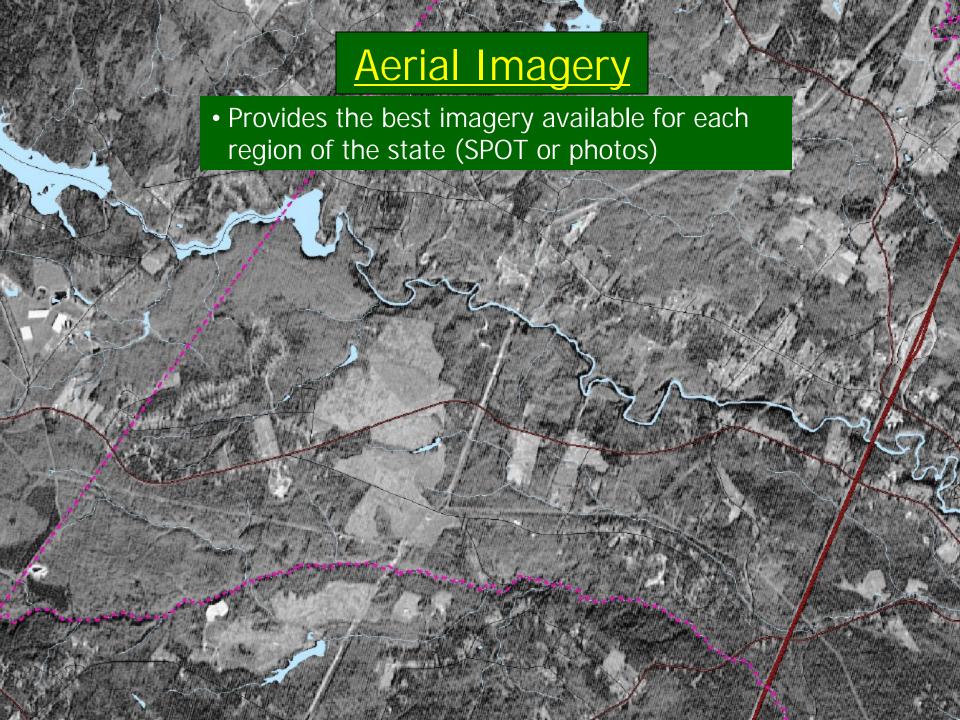




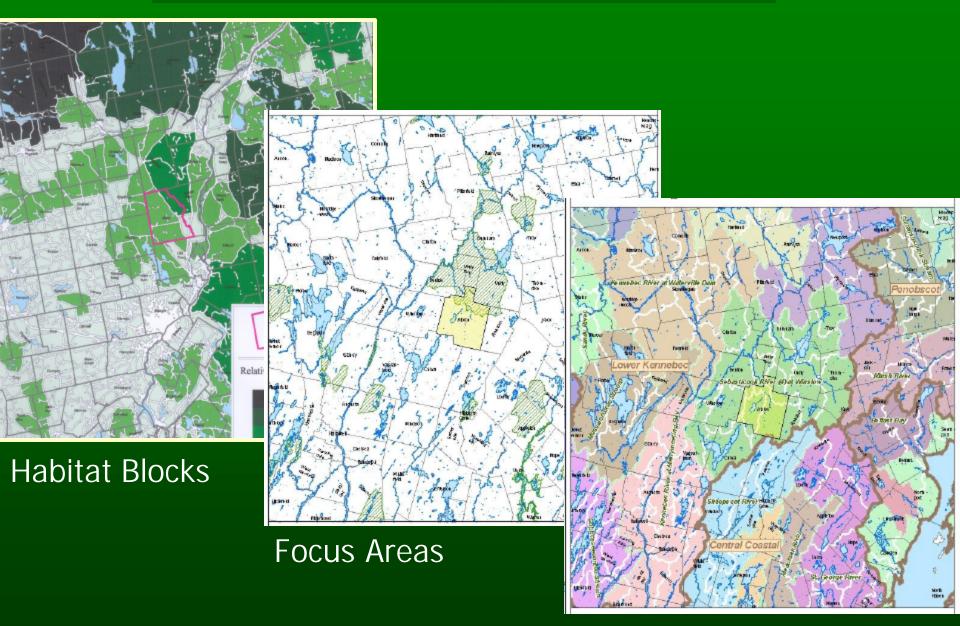








#### Inset Maps: Regional Views



Watersheds

## Beginning with Habitat Focus Areas



#### <u>Materials</u>

- Hard copy paper and mylar maps
- Digital data of all data sets
- Notebook including
  - Area and resource specific factsheets
  - Materials on biodiversity and land use planning
  - All maps in paper format



### Technical Assistance

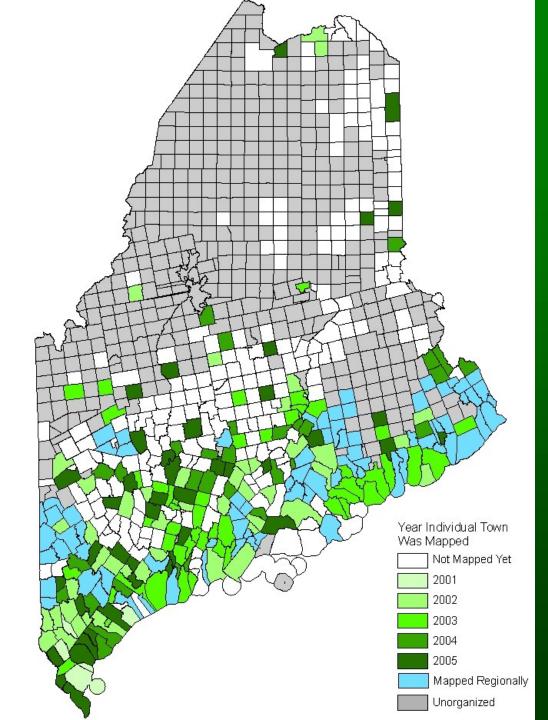
- Presentation
  - General ecological principles
  - What the different
     BwH layers are and
     how they work
     together

#### Habitat Size - Area Sensitive



- Northern Parula warbler: 50% chance in 1000 acres, 100% chance in 7400 acres
- Hermit thrush: average patch size 1955 acres

- Discussion of important features within the area of interest
- Follow up



# Mapping Progress to Date:

- 175 Towns mapped individually
- 77 more towns mapped as part of a region
- 20+ regions mapped

#### Mapping Goals:

- Map all 446 organized cities and towns
- Keep maps up to date
- Address needs of land trusts and other regional groups

#### What are Towns doing with BwH

- Comprehensive planning (63%)
- Open space planning (16%)
- Outreach/education to landowners (15%)
- Ordinance creation/revision (20-30%)

## What are Towns doing with BwH

- As support for increased shoreland zoning protection
- Prioritizing lands for conservation through purchase or easement
- Encouraging new landowners to enroll in current use tax programs
- Regional cooperation for conservation or open space/land use planning

#### State and Federal uses of BwH

- DOT: to assess alternative routes
- DOT: to guide inventory efforts
- MFS: review of forest notifications
- MDIFW: consultation with landowners and developers
- DoAg: to guide farmland protection
- NRCS: in WHIP and EQIP application scoring

## Next Steps.....

- Complete water resource maps for NEMO
- Conduct connectivity analysis for transportation & open space planning





# Next Steps.....

- Respond to stated needs of Towns
- Increase capacity to address Regionalism (pilot-Sagadahoc)





# Next Steps.....

- Develop Interagency Internet Mapping Service
- Compose marine resource map for coastal communities (MCPI/CELCP)





#### State Wildlife Grants

 The BwH program is an essential part of the state's plan

 BwH has received significant funding from the State Wildlife Grant program

#### Our Patrons to Date

- EPA
- NOAA
- USFWS
- MAS
- TNC
- Betterment
   Foundation

- Maine Outdoor Heritage Fund
- Maine Loon License
   Plate Fund
- ME Dept. of Conservation
- ME Community Foundation

## And Yet.....

 No core funding from the State itself



## www.beginningwithhabitat.org



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